Listing of Claims:

This listing of Claims will replace all prior listings of Claims in this application.

Claim 1. (Currently amended) A method of treating osteoporosis or bone resorption in a vertebrate mammal in need thereof comprising the administering to the vertebrate mammal an effective amount of compound of formula I

I

or pharmaceutical acceptable salts thereof wherein:

 R_1 is $R_1 \text{ is}$ $B) \qquad \text{H}_2,$

c) NH-C₁₋₄ alkyl,

d) C_{1-4} alkyl,

e) -OC₁₋₄ alkyl,

f) -S C₁₄ alkyl,

g) C₁₄ alkyl substituted with 1-3 F, 1-2 Cl, CN or -COOC₁₄ alkyl,

h) C₃₆ cycloalkyl,

i) N(C₁₄ alkyl)₂ or

j) N(CH₂)_{2.5};

A is

a 5-membered heteroaromatic moiety having one to three atoms selected from the group consisting of S, N, and O, wherein the 5-membered heteroaromatic moiety is bonded via a carbon atom.

wherein the 5-membered heteroaromatic moiety can additionally have a fused-on benzene or naphthyl ring,

wherein the heteroaromatic moiety is optionally substituted with one to three $R_{\mbox{\tiny AB}}$.

e) a 6-membered heteroaromatic moiety having at least one nitrogen atom,
wherein the heteroaromatic moiety is bonded via a carbon atom.

wherein the 6-membered heteroaromatic moiety can additionally have a fused-on benzene or naphthyl ring,

wherein the heteroaromatic moiety is optionally substituted with one to three R_{55} ,

f) a β -carbolin-3-yl, or indolizingl bonded via the 6-membered ring, optionally substituted with one to three R_{55} ,

wherein R₂ is

- a) H,
- b) F,
- c) Cl,
- d) Br,
- e) C₁₋₃ alkyl,
- f) NO₂, or
- g) R₂ and R₃ taken together are -O-(CH₂)_h-O-;

R₃ is

- a) $-S(=O)_i R_4$,
- b) $-S(=O)_2-N=S(O)_1R_5R_6$,
- c) $-SC(=0)R_7$,
- d) $-C(=O)R_8$,
- e) $-C(=O)R_2$,
- f) $-C(=O)NR_{10}R_{11}$
- g) $-C(=NR_{12})R_{8}$,
- h) $-C(R_1)(R_{11})-OR_{13}$
- i) $-C(R_2)(R_{11})-OR_{12}$
- j) $-C(R_8)(R_{11})-OC(=O)R_{13}$,
- k) $-C(R_3)(R_{11})-OC(=O)R_{13}$,
- 1) $-NR_{10}R_{11}$,
- m) $-N(R_{10})-C(=0)R_7$,
- n) $-N(R_{10})-S(=O)_iR_2$,
- o) $-C(OR_{14})(OR_{15})R_{8}$,
- p) $-C(R_1)(R_{16})-NR_{10}R_{11}$, or
- q) $C_{1.8}$ alkyl substituted with one or more =0 other than at alpha position, -S(=0), R_{17} , -NR₁₀R₁₁, $C_{2.5}$ alkenyl, or $C_{2.5}$ alkynyl;

R4 is

a) C₁₋₄ alkyl optionally substituted with one or more halos, OH, CN,

NR₁₀R₁₁, or -CO₂R₁₃,

- b) C₂₄ alkenyl,
- c) -NR₁₆R₁₈,
- d) $-N_3$,
- e) $-NHC(=O)R_{7}$
- f) $-NR_{20}C(=O)R_{7}$
- g) $-N(R_{19})_2$,
- h) $-NR_{16}R_{19}$, or
- i) -NR₁₉R₂₀,

Rs and Rs at each occurrence are the same or different and are

- a) C₁₋₂ alkyl, or
- b) R_s and R_s taken together are -(CH₂)_k-;

R, is C14 alkyl optionally substituted with one or more halos;

R, is

- a) H, or
- b) C_{1.8} alkyl optionally substituted with one or more halos, or C_{3.8} cycloalkyl;

R, is C14 alkyl substituted with one or more

- a) $-S(=0)R_{17}$,
- b) -OR₁₃,
- c) $-OC(=O)R_{13}$,
- d) -NR₁₀R₁₁, or
- e) C₁₋₅ alkenyl optionally substituted with CHO;

 \boldsymbol{R}_{10} and \boldsymbol{R}_{11} at each occurrence are the same or different and are

- a) H,
- b) C₁₄ alkyl, or
- c) C₃₋₈ cycloalkyl;

R₁₂ is

- a) $-NR_{10}R_{11}$,
- b) -OR₁₀; or
- c) -NHC(=O) R_{10} ;

R₁₃ is a) H, or C₁₋₄ alkyl; b) R_{14} and R_{15} at each occurrence are the same or different and are C₁₋₄ alkyl, or R_{14} and R_{15} taken together are -(CH),-; b) R_{16} is H, · a) C₁₋₄ alkyl, or b) C3.8 cycloalkyl; R₁₇ is C14 alkyl, or C₃₋₈ cycloalkyl; b) R₁₈ is H, a) C14 alkyl, b) C₂₄ alkenyl, c)

R₁₉ is

a) Cl,

d)

e)

f)

b) Br, or

c) I;

R₂₀ is a physiologically acceptable cation;

C34 cycloalkyl,

-OR₁₃ or

-NR21R22;

 R_{21} and R_{22} at each occurrence are the same or different and are

a) H,

b) C₁₋₄ alkyl, or

c) -NR₂₁R₂₂ taken together are -(CH₂)_m-;

wherein R23 and R24 at each occurrence are the same or differ nt and are

a) H,

b) F,

- c) Cl,
- d) C₁₋₂ alkyl,
- e) CN
- f) OH,
- g) C₁₋₂ alkoxy,
- h) nitro, or
- i) amino;

Q is









l)

m) a diazinyl group optionally substituted with X and Y,

n) a triazinyl group optionally substituted with X and Y,

o) a quinolinyl group optionally substituted with X and Y,

p) a quinoxalinyl group optionally substituted with X and Y,

q) a naphthyridinyl group optionally substituted with X and Y,

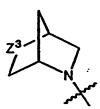
r)

$$A^{1} \xrightarrow{A^{2}} (CH_{2})_{n}$$

$$Z^{1} \xrightarrow{N} N$$

s)

t)



u)

v)

w)

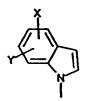
x)

y)

z)

aa)

bb)



OT,

Q and R24 taken together are

wherein Z1 is

- a) -CH₂-,
- b) -CH(R¹⁰⁴)-CH₂-,
- c) -C(O)-, or
- d) -CH₂CH₂CH₂-;

wherein Z² is

- a) -O₂S-,
- b) -O-,
- c) -N(R¹⁰⁷)-,
- d) -OS-, or
- e) -S-;

wherein Z3 is

- a) -O₂S-,
- b) -O-,
- c) -OS-, or
- d) -S-;

wherein A1 is

- a) H-, or
- b) CH₃;

wherein A2 is

- a) H-,
- b) HO-,
- c) CH₃-,
- d) CH₃O-,
- e) R¹⁰²O-CH₂-C(O)-NH-
- f) $R^{103}O-C(O)-NH-$,
- g) (C_1-C_2) alkyl-O-C(O)-,
- h) HO-CH₂-,
- i) CH₃O-NH-,
- j) (C₁-C₃)alkyl-O₂C-
- k) $CH_3-C(O)$ -,
- 1) CH₃-C(O)-CH₂-,

m)



, or

n)



A¹ and A² taken together are:

a)

b)

0=

, or

wherein R102 is

- a) H-,
- b) CH₃-,
- c) phenyl-CH₂-, or
- d) CH₃C(O)-;

wherein Rica is

- a) (C₁-C₃)alkyl-, or
- b) phenyl-;

wherein R104 is

- a) H-, or
- b) HO-;

wherein R105 is

- a) H-,
- b) (C₁-C₃)alkyl-,
- c) $CH_2 = CH-CH_2$, or
- d) CH₂-O-(CH₂)₂-;

wherein R106 is

- a) CH₃-C(O)-,
- b) H-C(O)-,
- c) Cl₂CH-C(O)-,
- d) HOCH₂-C(O)-,
- e) CH₃SO₂-,

g) $F_2CHC(O)$ -,

- i) H₃C-C(O)-O-CH₂-C(O)-,
- j) H-C(O)-O-CH₂-C(O)-,

- l) HC=C-CH2O-CH2-C(O)-, or
- m) phenyl-CH₂-O-CH₂-C(O)-;

wherein R107 is

- a) $R^{102}O-C(R^{110})(R^{111})-C(O)$ -,
- b) R¹⁰³O-C(O)-,
- c) R^{108} -C(O)-,

- f) H₃C-C(O)-(CH₂)₂-C(O)-,
- g) R¹⁰⁹-SO₂-,

h)

i) HO-CH₂-C(O)-,

- j) R¹¹⁶-(CH₂)₂-,
- k) R¹¹³-C(O)-O-CH₂-C(O)-,
- l) (CH₃)₂N-CH₂-C(O)-NH-,
- m) NC-CH₂-,
- n) F₂-CH-CH₂-, or
- o) R¹⁵⁰R¹⁵¹NSO₂

wherein R108 is

- a) H-,
- b) (C₁-C₄)alkyl,
- c) aryl -(CH₂)_n,
- d) CIH,C-,
- e) Cl₂HC-,
- f) FH₂C-,
- g) F₂HC-,
- h) (C₃-C₆)cycloalkyl, or
- i) CNCH₂-.

wherein R109 is

- a) alkylC₁-C₄,
- b) -CH₂Cl
- c) -CH₂CH=CH₂,
- d) aryl, or
- e) -CH₂CN;

wherein \mathbf{R}^{110} and \mathbf{R}^{111} are independently

- a) H-,
- b) CH₃-; or

wherein R112 is

- a) H-,
- b) CH₃O-CH₂O-CH₂-, or
- c) HOCH₂-;

wherein R113 is

- a) CH₃-,
- b) HOCH,-,
- c) (CH₃)₂N-phenyl, or
- d) (CH₃)₂N-CH₂-;

wherein R114 is

- a) HO-,
- b) CH₃O-,
- c) H₂N-,
- d) CH,O-C(O)-O-,
- e) CH₃-C(O)-O-CH₂-C(O)-O-,
- f) phenyl-CH₂-O-CH₂-C(O)-O-,
- g) HO-(CH₂)₂-O-,
- h) CH₃O-CH₂-O-(CH₂)₂-O-, or
- i) CH₃O-CH₂-O-; wherein R¹¹³ is
- a) CH_{3} ,
- b) HOCH₂-,
- c) (CH₃)₂N-phenyl, or
- d) $(CH_3)_2N-CH_2-;$

wherein R115 is

- a) H-, or
- b) Cl-;

wherein R116 is

- a) HO-
- b) CH₃O-, or
- c) F;

wherein R¹⁵⁰ and R¹⁵¹ are each H or alkyl C₁-C₄ or R¹⁵⁰ and R¹⁵¹ taken together with the nitrogen atom to which each is attached form a monocyclic heterocyclic ring having from 3 to 6 carbon atoms;

B is an unsaturated 4-atom linker having one nitrogen and three carbons; M is

- a) H,
- b) C₁₋₈ alkyl,
- c) C₃₋₅ cycloalkyl,
- d) $-(CH_2)_mOR_{13}$, or
- e) -(CH₂)_b-NR₂₁R₂₂;

Z is

- a) O,
- b) S, or
- c) NM;

W is

- a) CH,
- b) N, or
- c) S or O when Z is NM;

Y is

- a) H,
- b) F, -
- c) Cl,
- d) Br,
- e) C₁₋₃ alkyl, or
- f) NO₂;

X is

- a) H,
- b) -CN,
- c) OR₂₇,
- d) halo,
- e) NO₂,
- f) tetrazoyl,
- g) -SH,
- h) $-S(=O)_iR_4$,
- i) $-S(=O)_2-N=S(O)_jR_5R_6$,

- j) -SC(=0) R_{7} ,
- k) $-C(=O)R_{25}$
- 1) $-C(=O)NR_{2}R_{2}$
- m) $-C(=NR_{29})R_{25}$,
- n) $-C(R_{25})(R_{28})-OR_{13}$
- o) $-C(R_{25})(R_{28})-OC(=O)R_{13}$,
- p) -C(R₂₈)(OR₁₃)-(CH₂)_h-NR₂₇R₂₈,
- $q) -NR_{27}R_{28},$
- r) $-N(R_{27})C(=O)R_{7}$
- s) $-N(R_{27})-S(=O)_iR_{7}$
- t) $-C(OR_{14})(OR_{15})R_{28}$,
- u) $-C(R_{25})(R_{16})-NR_{27}R_{26}$, or
- v) $C_{1.6}$ alkyl substituted with one or more halos, OH, =O other than at alpha position, -S(=O)_iR₁₇, -NR₂₇R₂₈, C_{2.5} alkenyl, C_{2.5} alkynyl, or C_{3.6} cycloalkyl;

 R_4 , R_5 , R_6 , R_7 , R_{13} , R_{14} , R_{15} , R_{16} , and R_{17} are the same as defined above; R_{26} is

- a) H,
- b) C_{1-8} alkyl optionally substituted with one or more halos, C_{3-8} cycloalkyl, C_{1-4} alkyl substituted with one or more of -S(=O)₁R₁₇, -OR₁₀, or OC(=O)R₁₂, NR₂₇R₂₂, or
- c) C_{2.5} alkenyl optionally substituted with CHO, or CO₂R₁₃;

R₂₆ is

- a) R_{28} , or
- b) $NR_{27}N_{28}$;

 R_{27} and R_{28} at each occurrence are the same or different and are

- a) H,
- b) C₁₋₈ alkyl,
- c) C₃₋₈ cycloalkyl,
- d) -(CH₂)_mOR₁₃,

- e) -(CH₂)_h-NR₂₁R₂₂, or
- f) R_{27} and R_{28} taken together are -(CH₂)₂O(CH₂)₂-, -(CH₂)_kCH(COR₇)-, or -(CH₂)₂N(CH₂)₂(R₇);

R₂₉ is

- a) $-NR_{27}R_{28}$,
- b) -OR_{27, or}
- c) $-NHC(=O)R_{28}$

wherein R₃₀ is

- a) H,
- b) C_{1.8} alkyl optionally substituted with one or more halos, or
- c) C_{1-8} alkyl optionally substituted with one or more OH, or C_{1-6} alkoxy; wherein E is

netem is is

- a) NR₃₉,
- b) -S(=O), or
- c) O;

R₃₈ is

- a) H,
- b) C₁₋₆ alkyl,
- c) -(CH₂)_q-aryl, or
- d) halo;

R₃₉ is

- a) H,
- b) C_{1.6} alkyl optionally substituted with one or more OH, halo, or -CN,
- c) -(CH₂)_a-aryl,
- d) -CO₂R₄₀,
- e) -COR₄₁,
- f) $-C(=O)-(CH_2)_q-C(=O)R_{40}$,
- g) $-S(=O)_2-C_{1-6}$ alkyl,
- h) $-S(=O)_2-(CH_2)_q$ -aryl, or
- i) -(C=O),-Het;

R40 is H, a) C₁₋₆ alkyl optionally substituted with one or more OH, halo, or -CN, b) -(CH₂)_q-aryl, or c) -(CH₂)₀-OR₄₂; d) R41 is C1.6 alkyl optionally substituted with one or more OH, halo, or -CN, a) -(CH₂)_q-aryl, or b) -(CH₂),-OR₄₂; c) R₄₂ is a) H, C₁₋₆ alkyl, b) -(CH₂)_q-aryl, or c) -C(=0)- C_{1-6} alkyl; d) aryl is phenyl, a) b) pyridyl, or napthyl; a to c optionally substituted with one or more halo, -CN, OH, c) SH, C14 alkyl, C16 alkoxy, or C16 alkylthio; wherein Res is a) H, C₁₋₂ alkyl, b) c) F, or d) OH; R44 is H, a) CF, **b**)

C13 alkyl optionally substituted with one or more halo,

phenyl ptionally substituted with one or more halo,

c)

d)

e) R₄₄ and R₄₅ taken together are a 5-, 6-, or 7-membered ring of the formula,

or

f) R_{44} and R_{45} taken together are -(CH₂)_k-, when R_{46} is an electron-withdrawing group;

 R_{45} and R_{46} at each occurrence are the same or different and are

- a) an electron-withdrawing group,
- b) H,
- c) CF₃,
- d) C_{1.3} alkyl optionally substituted with one halo,
- e) phenyl, provided at least one of R₄₅ or R₄₆ is an electron-withdrawing group, or
- f) R₄₅ and R₄₆ taken together are a 5-, 6-, 7-membered ring of the formula

U is

- a) CH₂,
- b) O,
- c) S, or
- d) NR₄₇;

R₄₇ is

a) H, r

b) C_{1.5} alkyl;

wherein R48 is

a) carboxyl,

b) halo,

c) -CN,

d) mercapto,

e) formyl,

f) CF₃,

g) -NO₂,

h) C_{1.6} alkoxy,

i) C₁₋₆ alkoxycarbonyl,

j) C_{1.5} alkythio,

k) C₁₋₆ acyl,

. 1) $-NR_{49}R_{50}$,

m) $C_{1.5}$ alkyl optionally substituted with OH, $C_{1.5}$ alkoxy, $C_{1.5}$ acyl, or -NR₄₉R₅₀,

n) C₂₋₈ alkenylphenyl optionally substituted with one or two R₅₁,

o) phenyl optionally substituted with one or two R_{51} ,

p) a 5-, or 6-membered (un)saturated heterocyclic moiety having one to three atoms selected from the group consisting of S, N, and O, optionally substituted with one or two R_{51} , or

 R_{49} and R_{50} at each occurrence are the same or different and are

a) H,

b) C₁₋₄ alkyl,

c) C₅₋₆ cycloalkyl, or

d) R₄₉ and R₅₀ taken together with the nitrogen atom is a 5-, 6membered saturated heterocyclic moiety which optionally has a
further hetero atom selected from the group consisting of S, N, and O,
and can in turn be optionally substituted with, including on the
further nitrogen atom, C₁₋₃ alkyl, or C₁₋₃ acyl;

R_{51} is

- a) carboxyl,
- b) halo,
- c) -CN,
- d) mercapto,
- e) formyl,
- f) CF₃,
- g) -NO₂,
- h) C_{1.6} alkoxy,
- i) C_{1.6} alkoxycarbonyl,
- j) C_{1.5} alkythio,
- k) C_{1.6} acyl,
- l) $C_{1.5}$ alkyl optionally substituted with OH, $C_{1.5}$ alkoxy, $C_{1.5}$ acyl, or $-NR_{49}R_{50}$,
- m) phenyl,
- n) $-C(=O)NR_{52}R_{53}$,
- o) $-NR_{19}R_{50}$,
- p) $-N(R_{52})(-SO_2R_{54})$,
- q) $-SO_2-NR_{52}R_{53}$, or
- r) $-S(=O)_iR_{c_i}$:

 $R_{\rm 52}$ and $R_{\rm 53}$ at each occurrence are the same or different and are

- a) H.
- b) C₁₋₆ alkyl, or
- c) phenyl;

R₅₄ is

- a) C₁₄ alkyl, or
- b) phenyl optionally substituted with C_{14} alkyl; wherein R_{55} is
 - a) carboxyl,
 - b) halo,
 - c) -CN,
 - d) mercapto,
 - e) formyl,
 - f) CF₃,
 - g) -NO₂
 - h) C₁₋₆ alkoxy,
 - i) C_{1.6} alkoxycarbonyl,
 - j) C₁₋₆ alkythio
 - k) C_{1-6} acyl,
 - l) -NR₅₆ R₅₇,
 - m) C_{1-6} alkyl optionally substituted with OH, C_{1-5} alkoxy, C_{1-5} acyl, or -NR₅₆R₅₇,
 - n) $C_{2.8}$ alkenylphenyl optionally substituted with one or two R_{58} ,
 - o) phenyl optionally substituted with one or two R₅₈,
 - p) a 5- or 6-membered (un)saturated heterocyclic moiety having one to three atoms selected from the group consisting of S, N, and O, optionally substituted with one or two R_{58} , or

 R_{56} and R_{57} at each occurrence are the same or different and are

- a) H,
- b) formyl,

- c) C₁₋₄ alkyl,
- d) C₁₄ acyl,
- e) phenyl,
- f) C_{3.6} cycloalkyl, or
- R₅₆ and R₅₇ taken together with the nitrogen atom is a 5-, 6membered saturated heterocyclic moiety which optionally has a further hetero atom selected from the group consisting of S, N, and O, and can in turn be optionally substituted with, including on the further nitrogen atom, phenyl, pyrimidyl, C₁₋₃ alkyl, or C₁₋₃ acyl;

R_{sa} is

- a) carboxyl,
- b) halo,
- c) -CN,
- d) mercapto,
- e) formyl,
- f) CF₃,
- g) -NO₂,
- h) C_{1.5} alkoxy,
- i) C₁₋₆ alkoxycarbonyl,
- j) C₁₆ alkythio,
- k) C₁₋₆ acyl,
- l) phenyl,
- m) $C_{1.5}$ alkyl optionally substituted with OH, azido, $C_{1.5}$ alkoxy, $C_{1.5}$ acyl, -NR₅₅R₅₆, -SR₅₇, -O-SO₂R₅₈, or

- n) $-C(=0)NR_{59}R_{50}$,
- o) $-NR_{56}R_{57}$,
- p) $-N(R_{59})(-SO_2R_{54})$,

- q) $-SO_2-NR_{ss}R_{so}$,
- r) $-S(=O)_{i}R_{54}$,
- s) -CH=N- R_{61} , or
- t) $-CH(OH)-SO_2R_{st}$;

R₅₄ is the same as defined above;

 R_{50} and R_{50} at each occurrence are the same or different and are

- a) H,
- b) C₁₋₆ alkyl,
- c) phenyl, or
- d) tolyl;

R₆₁ is

- a) OH,
- b) benzyloxy,
- c) $-NH-C(=O)-NH_2$,
- d) -NH-C(=S)-NH₂, or
- e) -NH-C(=NH)-N $R_{c2}R_{c3}$;

 $R_{\rm sz}$ and $R_{\rm sz}$ at each occurrence are the same or different and are

- a) H, or
- b) C₁₄ alkyl optionally substituted with phenyl or pyridyl;

 R_{64} is

- a) H, or
- b) a sodium ion;

.Res and Res at each occurrence are the same or different and are

- a) H,
- b) formyl,
- c) C₁₄ alkyl,
- d) C₁₋₄ acyl,
- e) phenyl,
- f) C_{3.6} cycloalkyl,

- g) R₆₅ and R₆₆ taken together are a 5-, 6-membered saturated heterocyclic moiety having one to three atoms selected from the group consisting of S, N, and O, optionally substituted with, including on the nitrogen atom, phenyl, pyrimidyl, C₁₋₃ alkyl, or C₁₋₃ acyl,
- h) $-P(O)(OR_{70})(OR_{71})$, or
- i) -SO₂-R₇₂;

 R_{67} is

 R_{68} is C_{1-3} alkyl;

R₆₉ is

- a) C₁₋₆ alkoxycarbonyl, or
- b) carboxyl;

 R_{70} and R_{71} at each occurrence are the same or different and are

- a) H, or
- b) C₁₃ alkyl;

R_{72} is

- a) methyl,
- b) phenyl, or
- c) tolyl;

wherein K is

- a) O, or
- b) S;

 R_{73} , R_{74} , R_{75} , R_{76} , and R_{77} at each occurrence are the same or different and are

- a) H,
- b) carboxyl,
- c) halo,
- d) -CN.
- e) mercapto,
- f) formyl,
- g) CF₂,
- h) -NO.
- i) C₁₋₆ alkoxy,
- j) C₁₋₆ alkoxycarbonyl,
- k) C_{1.6} alkythio,
- l) C_{1.5} acyl,
- m) -NR₇₈ R₇₉,
- n) C₁₋₆ alkyl optionally substituted with OH, C₁₋₅ alkoxy, C₁₋₅ acyl,
 -NR₇₈R₇₉, -N(phenyl)(CH₂-CH₂-OH), -O-CH(CH₃)(OCH₂CH₃), or
 -O-phenyl-[para-NHC(=O)CH₃],
- o) $C_{2.8}$ alkenylphenyl optionally substituted with R_{61} ,
- p) phenyl optionally substituted with R₅₁, or
- q) a 5-, or 6-membered (un)saturated heterocyclic moiety having one to three atoms selected from the group consisting of S, N, and O, optionally substituted with R_{51} ;

R₅₁ is the same as defined above;

R_{78} and R_{79} at each occurrence are the same or different and are

- a) H,
- b) C₁₋₄ alkyl,
- c) phenyl, or
- d) R₇₈ and R₇₉ taken together with the nitrogen atom is a 5-, 6membered saturated heterocyclic moiety which optionally has a
 further hetero atom selected from the group consisting of S, N, and O,
 and can in turn be optionally substituted with, including on the
 further nitrogen atom, C₁₋₃ alkyl, or C₁₋₃ acyl;

wherein T is

- a) O,
- b) S, or
- c) SO₂;

 R_{75} , R_{76} , and R_{77} are the same as defined above;

R_{so} is

- a) H,
- b) formyl,
- c) carboxyl,
- d) C_{1.6} alkoxycarbonyl,
- e) C₁₋₅ alkyl,
- f) C_{2.6} alkenyl,
 wherein the substituents (e) and (f) can be optionally substituted with
 OH, halo, C_{1.6} alkoxy, C_{1.4} acyl, C_{1.4} alkylthio or C_{1.6}
 alkoxycarbonyl, or phenyl optionally substituted with halo,
- g) an aromatic moiety having 6 to 10 carbon atoms optionally substituted with carboxyl, halo, -CN, formyl, CF₃, -NO₂, C₁₋₆ alkyl, C₁₋₆ alkoxy, C₁₋₆ acyl, C₁₋₆ alkylthio, or C₁₋₆ alkoxycarbonyl;
- h) $-NR_{81}R_{82}$,
- i) -OR₉₀,
- j) -S(=0)_i-R₉₁,
- k) $-SO_2-N(R_{92})(R_{93})$, or
- l) a radical f the following formulas:

$R_{\rm s1}$ and $R_{\rm s2}$ at each occurrence are the same or different and are

- a) H,
- b) C₃₆ cycloalkyl,
- c) phenyl,
- d) C_{1.6} acyl,
- e) C_{1.8} alkyl optionally substituted with OH, C_{1.6} alkoxy which can be substituted with OH, a 5-, or 6-membered aromatic heterocyclic molety having one to three atoms selected from the group consisting of S, N, and O, phenyl optionally substituted with OH, CF₃, halo, -NO₂, C_{1.4} alkoxy, -NR₈₃R₈₄, or

V is

- a) O,
- b) CH, or
- c) NR₈₇;

 R_{ss} and R_{ss} at each occurrence are the same or different and are

- a) H, or
- b) C₁₄ alkyl;

R₈₅ is

- a) OH,
- b) C₁₄ alkoxy, or
- c) -NR_{as} R_{as};

R₈₆ is

- a) H, or
- b) C_{1.7} alkyl optionally substituted with indolyl, OH, mercaptyl, imidazoly, methylthio, amino, phenyl optionally substituted with OH, -C(=O)-NH₂, -CO₂H, or -C(=NH)-NH₂;

R₈₇ is

- a) H,
- b) phenyl, or
- c) C₁₋₆ alkyl optionally substituted by OH;

R₈₈ and R₈₉ at each occurrence are the same or different and are

- a) H,
- b) $C_{1.5}$ alkyl
- c) C_{3.6} cycloalky, or
- d) phenyl;

R₉₀ is

a) C_{1.6} alkyl optionally substituted with C_{1.6} alkoxy or C_{1.6} hydroxy, C_{3.6} cycloalkyl, a 6-membered aromatic optionally benzo-fused heterocyclic moiety having one to three nitrogen atoms, which can in turn be substituted with one or two -NO₂, CF₃, halo, -CN, OH, C_{1.5} alkyl, C_{1.5} alkoxy, or C_{1.5} acyl;

- c) phenyl, or
- d) pyridyl;

R, is

- a) C₁₋₁₆ alkyl,
- b) C₂₋₁₆ alkenyl,
 wherein the substituents (a) and (b) can be optionally substituted with
 C₁₋₆ alkoxycarbonyl, or a 5-, 6-, 7-membered aromatic heterocyclic
 moiety having one to three atoms selected from the group consisting of
 S, N, and O,
- c) an aromatic moiety having 6 to 10 carbon atoms, or
- a 5-, 6-, 7-membered aromatic heterocyclic moiety having one to three atoms selected from the group consisting of S, N, and O, wherein the substituents (c) and (d) can be optionally substituted with carboxyl, halo, -CN, formyl, CF₃, -NO₂, C_{1.6} alkyl, C_{1.6} alkoxy, C_{1.6} acyl, C_{1.6} alkylthio, or C_{1.6} alkoxycarbonyl;

 R_{22} and R_{33} at each occurrence are the same or different and are

- a) H,
- b) phenyl,
- c) C_{1.6} alkyl, or
- d) benzyl;

R₃₄ and R₃₅ at each occurrence are the same or different and are

- a) H,
- b) OH,
- c) C₁₆ alkyl optionally substituted with -NR₈₃ R₈₄, or
- d) R_{s4} and R_{s5} taken together are =0;

R_{96} is

- a) an aromatic moiety having 6 to 10 carbon atoms,
- b) a 5-, or 6-membered aromatic optionally benzo-fused heterocyclic moiety having one to three atoms selected from the group consisting of S, N, and O, wherein the substituents (a) and (b) which can in turn be substituted with one or three -NO₂, CF₃, halo, -CN, OH, phenyl, C_{1.5} alkyl, C_{1.5} alkoxy, or C_{1.5} acyl,

- ċ) morpholinyl,
- OH, d)
- C1-6 alkoxy, e)
- -NR₈₃R₈₄, f)
- $-C(=O)-R_{yy}$, or g)

R₉₇ is

- morpholinyl, a)
- OH, or b)
- C1-6 alkoxy; c)

h is 1, 2, or 3;

i is 0, 1, or 2;

j is 0 or 1;

k is 3, 4, or 5;

1 is 2 or 3;

m is 4 or 5;

n is 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5;

p is 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5; with the proviso that n and p together are 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5;

q is 1, 2, 3, or 4;

r is 2, 3, or 4;

t is 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6;

u is 1 or 2;

w is 0, 1, 2, or 3.

Claim 2. (Original) The method according to claim 1 wherein said mammal is a human.

Claim 3. (Original) The method according to claim 1 wherein the compound is administered in the range of about 0.1 to about 100 mg/kg of mammal body weight/day.

Claim 4. (Original) The method according to claim 1 wherein the compound is administered orally, nasally, parenterally, topically, transdermally, or rectally.

Claim 5. (Original) The method according to claim 1 wherein said compound is selected from the group consisting of:

(S)-trans-[[3-[3-Fluoro-4-(tetrahydro-1-oxido-2H-thiopyran-4-yl)phenyl]-2-oxo-5-oxazolidinyl]methyl]thiourea; and

(S)-N-[[3-[3-Fluoro-4-(4-thiomorpholinyl)phenyl]-2-oxo-5-oxazolidinyl]methyl]thio-acetamide, thiomorpholine S-oxide; and

pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

Claim 6. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 1 wherein said mammal is not Suffering from an antibacterial infection.

Claim 7. (Previously Presented) A method of treating osteoporosis or bone resorption in a

vertebrate mammal in need thereof comprising the administering to the vertebrate

mammal an effective amount of a compound of formula.

$$Z_{2} \xrightarrow{\text{N-}} N \xrightarrow{\text{N-}} N \xrightarrow{\text{N-}} 0 \xrightarrow{\text{S}} (II)$$

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wherein Z_2 is $-O_2S_7$, $-O_7$, $-N(R^{107})_7$, $-OS_7$, or $-S_7$; w is 0, 1, 2, or 3;

R²³ and R²⁴ are the same or different and can be H or F; and

R¹ is H, NH₂, NHalkyiC₁-C₄; N(alkylC₁-C₄)₂; -NCH2)₂s

alkylC₁-C₄; OalkylC₁-C₄; SalkylC₁-C₄; alkylC₁-C₄ substituted with 1-3F, 1-2Cl, CN, or -COOalkylC₁-C₄, or cycloalkylC₃-C₆, wherein in each occurrence of the alkyl group may be straight or branched; and R¹⁰⁷ is

- a) $R^{102}O-C(R^{110})(R^{111})-C(O)-$,
- b) $R^{103}O-C(O)$ -,
- c) R^{108} -C(O)-,
- d) R^{109} -SO₂-,
- e) NC-CH₂-,
- f) FCHCH₂-, or
- g) $R^{150}R^{151}NSO_2$;

wherein R¹⁰² is H, CH₃-, phenyl-CH₂-, or CH₃C(O); each of R¹¹⁰ and R¹¹¹ is selected from H or CH₃; R¹⁰³ is alkylC₁-C₃ or phenyl; R¹⁰⁸ is H, alkylC₁-C₄, aryl(CH₂)_{0.5}, CNCH₂-, ClCH₂-, Cl₂HC-, FH₂C-, F₂HC-, or cycloalkylC₃-C₆; R¹⁵⁰ and R¹⁵¹ are the same or different and are selected from H, alkylC₁-C₄, or R¹⁵⁰ and R¹⁵¹ taken together with the nitrogen to which each is attached forms a monocyclic heterocyclic ring having from 3 to 6 carbon atoms.

Claim 8. (Original) The method according to claim 7 wherein said mammal is a human.

Claim 9. (Original). The method according to claim 7 wherein the compound is administered in the range of about 0.1 to about 100 mg/kg of mammal body weight/day.

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Claim	10 (oinal)
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Claim 11. (Original)

The method according to claim 7 wherein said compound is selected from the group consisting of:

(S)-trans-[[3-[3-Fluoro-4-(tetrahydro-1-oxido-2H-thiopyran-4-yl)phenyl]-2-oxo-5-oxazolidinyl]methyl]thiourea; and

(S)-N-[[3-[3-Fluoro-4-(4-thiomorpholinyl)phenyl]-2-oxo-5-oxazolidinyl]methyl]thio-acetamide, thiomorpholine S-oxide; and

pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof.

Claim 12. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 7 wherein said mammal is not suffering from an antibacterial infection.

Claim 13. (Canceled)